

# Inglês Técnico

Compras







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### Introdução

Neste material, exploraremos os termos e expressões essenciais necessários para uma comunicação eficaz no setor de compras e suprimentos.

Você desenvolverá habilidades para articular negociações e especificações de forma clara e precisa, enquanto adquire a capacidade de compreender e responder de maneira eficaz às demandas e desafios da área de compras.

Estamos entusiasmados para iniciar esta jornada de aprendizado com você, contribuindo para o seu sucesso profissional como Comprador!

Vamos começar!



### Orientação

# Siga estas orientações para otimizar o uso deste material e potencializar o seu aprendizado

- 1 Imprima este PDF;
- 2 Destaque com caneta marca-texto as palavras desconhecidas;
- 3 Leia a coluna meaning para descobrir o significado, sem usar tradutores;
- 4 Construa frases com aplicação das novas palavras que você está aprendendo.

Se precisar de inspiração, use o dictionary.cambridge.org

Faça isso por meio da escrita e não da digitação, pois isso potencializa o armazenamento do novo conhecimento na memória de longo prazo.



# **Expressões**

Exemplos		
Approved supplier list	We take sustainability into consideration for anyone who intends to remain in our approved supplier list.	
Lista de fornecedores aprovados	Levamos em consideração a sustentabilidade para quem pretende permanecer em nossa lista de fornecedores aprovados.	
Base price	As far as the base price is concerned, we want to do it in US dollars.	
Preço base	Quanto ao preço base, queremos fazê-lo em dólares americanos.	
Bidder's list	Find out why our best supplier dropped out of the bidder's list.	
Lista de licitantes	Descubra por que nosso melhor fornecedor saiu da lista de licitantes.	
Catalogue	The catalogue gives a full description of each product.	
Catálogo	O catálogo fornece uma descrição completa de cada produto.	
Client	This client, in particular, relies on quantity over quality.	
Cliente	Esse cliente, em particular, prefere a quantidade sobre a qualidade.	
Cold call	Cold calls are almost always a waste of our team's time and money.	
Chamada fria	Chamadas frias são quase sempre um desperdício de tempo e dinheiro de nossa equipe.	
Competitors	Our competitors had better knowledge of the past sales data.	
Competidores	Nossos concorrentes tinham um melhor conhecimento dos dados de vendas anteriores.	
Cost avoidance	Cost avoidance from reliable suppliers can have a measurable impact on your bottom line.	
Contenção de custo	Contenção de custos com fornecedores confiáveis pode ter um impacto mensurável no resultado final.	
Cost of goods sold	Such changes are unlikely to affect the final cost of goods sold.	
Custo das mercadorias	É improvável que essas mudanças afetem o custo final das mercadorias.	
Cross selling	We have to deepen your customer relationships and improve our cross-selling capabilities.	
Vendas cruzadas	Temos que aprofundar o relacionamento com os clientes e melhorar nossos recursos de venda cruzada.	



## **Expressões**

	Exemplos
<b>Customer</b> Consumidor	When customers are scarce, businesses will have to compete for them.  Quando os consumidores são escassos, as empresas terão que competir por eles.
<b>Demand Analysis</b> Análise de demanda	You should do a thorough demand analysis to know how much of the production you can take on.  Você deve fazer uma análise de demanda completa para saber quanto da produção podemos assimilar.
<b>Field sales</b> Venda externa	They're looking for someone experienced in managing field sales.  Eles estão procurando alguém com experiência em gerenciar vendas externas.
<b>Invoice</b> Fatura/Nota Fiscal	Releasing the goods without an invoice is most irregular.  A liberação das mercadorias sem uma fatura é muito irregular.
<b>Lead time</b> Prazo de entrega	The overall leadtime of all suplies and services usually took between 3 and 4 weeks.  O prazo de entrega de todos esses serviços e fornecimentos de material chega a levar de 3 a 4 semanas.
<b>Market segmentation</b> Segmentação de mercado	Distance is not the only crucial factor for market segmentation.  A distância não é o único fator crucial para a segmentação do mercado.
<b>Prospect</b> Cliente em potencial	Around the time, many prospects, customers and clients will rely on cost.  Ao longo do tempo, muitos clientes em potencial, clientes e consumidores dependem do custo.
Purchase order Pedido de compra	The products are delivered by default to the address specified by the customer on the purchase order.  Os produtos são entregues por padrão no endereço especificado pelo cliente no pedido de compra.
Request for Proposal Pedido de proposta	A request for proposal is expected to be issued by June. Espera-se que um pedido de proposta seja emitido até Junho.
<b>Shortlist</b> Lista reduzida	The list of 12 suppliers has been winnowed down to a shortlist of three.  A lista de 12 fornecedores foi analisada e chegamos a uma lista reduzida de três.



### **Expressões**

Exemplos	
<b>Spend Analysis</b> Análise de gastos	You need to review the information used for this spend analysis.  Você precisa revisar as informações usadas para essa análise de gastos.
Strategic Sourcing Fornecimento estratégico	We are in desperate need of a more-effective and more-efficient strategic sourcing.  Precisamos desesperadamente de um fornecimento estratégico mais eficaz e mais eficiente.
<b>Strategic Sourcing</b> Condições de pagamento	You can include terms of payment as part of your promotional strategy. É possível incluir condições de pagamento como parte da estratégia promocional.
Supplier Fornecedor	The company has to pay suppliers within 90 days of purchase.  A empresa deve pagar aos fornecedores no prazo de 90 dias após a compra.





#### **Advance**

A sum of money paid before it is due or a loan given in anticipation of future earnings.

# Agreement In Principle

This is also known as a "letter of intent" and is used by two parties to outline the price of a business and some of the larger terms of the transfer of the business. It is not a contract; therefore it is not binding and will be subject to more negotiation.

#### **Amortisation**

Spreading out payments over a period of time so that a debt is gradually paid off.

#### **Application Fee**

A non-refundable fee required as part of the application process for the initial costs of processing a loan application.

# APRC (Annual Percentage Rate of Charge)

Total cost of the credit to the consumer, expressed as an annual percentage of the total amount of credit, including interest and other charges applying.

#### **Assets**

Everything owned by a company, including items that are owned. Current assets include cash, investments, money due, materials and inventories. Fixed assets include land, buildings and machinery. Intangible assets include goodwill.

#### **Asset Stripping**

Buyers who will sell assets of an acquired business separately with the intention of recouping their initial investment while retaining ownership of the rest.

#### **Auction**

The sale of a property to the highest bidder.

# Audited Financial Statements

These are the financial statements of a business, showing the business's financial position and the results of its operations. These are prepared by an accountant independent of the business owner and in accordance with general accounting principles.





# Balance Outstanding

The amount of loan owed at a particular time.

#### **Balance Sheet**

A statement presenting the status of the business's assets, liabilities and equity on a given date.

#### Book Value/ Net Worth

The value of the assets (property and money) that a person or business has, after any debts are taken away

#### **Bridging Loan**

A temporary loan advanced to help buy a new property before the existing one has been sold.

### **Buildings Insurance**

Insurance against the cost of repair or rebuilding a property from scratch following structural damage, for example by flood, fire or storm.

#### **Business Broker**

Someone who assist buyers and sellers of privately held businesses in the buying and selling process.

#### **Business plan**

A document that outlines the description of the business, including its history, products, services, mission statement, competitive analysis and financial statements.

#### Business Transfer Agent

The same as a business broker - someone dedicated to serving clients who want to buy or sell a business.



#### Capital

The total sum that an individual has invested in a business or the business's net worth.

#### **Cash Flow**

The difference between a business's cash receipts and its cash payments over a certain period of time.

#### **Closing Date**

The date set for submission of offers when more than one party show interest in the property.



#### Commission

Someone's fee as a percentage of the sale.

#### **Completion Date**

The day the sale proceeds and the property title change hands between buyer and seller.

# **Contents Insurance**

Insurance against accidental damage or theft of all moveable contents, including furniture, appliances and soft furnishings.

#### Contract

A formal agreement between the buyer and the seller, usually prepared by a solicitor or licensed conveyancer, detailing the terms and conditions of the sale.

#### Conveyancer

A person whose job is to manage the legal process of moving land or property from one owner to another.

#### Conveyancing

The legal work involved in buying and selling properties.

#### **Council Tax**

Levied by local councils to cover the cost of local amenities and services.

#### Covenant

A condition, contained within the Title Deeds or lease, that the buyer must comply with, which is usually applied to all future owners of the property. A restrictive covenant is one that prohibits the owner from doing something.



#### Deeds

Legal documents assigning ownership of a property and/or land.

#### **Deposit**

Sum of money that represents the personal capital that the buyer is putting toward the purchase of the property.

#### **Disbursements**

Fees, such as Stamp Duty, Land Registry and search fees on top of conveyancing which you normally pay via your solicitor.

#### **Draft Contract**

Unconfirmed version of the contract.

#### **Due Diligence**

A thorough investigation into the claimed performance of a business, led by the potential buyer. It involves a verification of all claims made by the business owner.





# Early Repayment Charge

A penalty your provider may charge if you overpay on your mortgage by more than they allow, or pay off the whole loan too early.

#### **Equity**

The difference between the value of a property and the amount of mortgage owed.

# **Exchange** of Contracts

The point at which the sale becomes legally binding from which neither party can withdraw without financial penalties - In Scotland see 'Missives Concluded'.



#### **Factoring**

A process whereby a company pays the business a proportion of its debts in advance in return for payment later on.

# Fiscal Year or Tax Year

The annual accounting period.

#### **Fixed Price**

Offers are invited at the price shown.

# Fixtures and Fittings

All non-structural items included in the purchase of a property.

#### Freehold

Ownership of the property and land upon which the property is situated.

#### **Franchise**

An agreement where the franchisor (a primary company) provides a market tested business package to a local business (the franchisee). The latter then operates under the franchisor's trade name, marketing goods according to an agreed contract.

# Full Structural Survey

A comprehensive examination of the condition of a house or other property, including walls, roof, foundations, plumbing, joinery, electrical wiring, drains, and garden.





#### Gazumping

The practice by a seller accepting a higher price than that previously agreed with someone else.

#### Gazundering

The practice by a buyer lowering his offer just before exchange of contracts.

#### Goodwill

The part of the price, not accounted for by the net value of tangible assets that covers extra qualities of the business such as the name, reputations and customer loyalty.

#### **Ground rent**

Rental payment (typically annual) made by a leaseholder or tenant to the freeholder who owns the land that the property is built on.



#### Hard skills

Specific skills that have to be taught, such as learning to use a new computer system, or gaining a professional qualification.

#### **Hardware**

The physical parts of a computer.

#### Hedge

A means of limiting the negative impact of an event.

#### Hierarchy

A system where members of an organisation are ranked according to their status or power.

#### **High-bay racking**

Pallet racking that extends to ceiling level. This will require specially extended masts on forklift trucks.

# High-bay warehousing

A system of warehousing which looks to maximize utilisation of space using a system of pallets and shelves stacked vertically and the use of machinery such as forklift trucks to retrieve items.



#### Instruction

When a seller instructs an estate agent to market a property.

#### **Intangible Asset**

A non-physical, notable asset of the business, e.g. copyright.



#### **Intermediary**

A middleman that acts for the interests of either a buyer or seller of a business - such as an agent, broker or advisor.

#### **Inventory**

All goods ready for sale, goods already on the production line and raw material in the business's possession.



#### **Joint Agency**

Where two estate agents work together to market a property.

#### **Joint Mortgage**

A mortgage where there is more than one individual named responsible for the mortgage.



#### **Land Certificate**

A Land Registry certificate proving ownership of property.

#### **Land Registry**

The Government organisation that holds records of all registered properties in England and Wales.

#### **Law of Intestacy**

Refers to the body of law that decides who is entitled to the property under the rules of inheritance.

#### Lease

An agreement for the rent of a particular, tangible asset.

#### Leasehold

The leasing (or renting) of a property far longer than a tenant's standard one- or two-year time frame. Contracts for leaseholds last for 40 to 120 years.

#### **Legal Charge**

This term is used for the security that a lender relies on when granting a mortgage.

#### Liabilities

Any outstanding claims against a business, including accounts and salaries, tax, mortgage bonds, bank loans etc.

#### **Liquid Assets**

Assets like receivables and saving accounts that are easily convertible into cash, as well as cash itself.

#### Local Authority Search

An application made to the appropriate Local Authority requesting details of any planning or other matters which might affect the property being sold.





#### M&A firm

A professional mergers and acquisitions advisor that usually deals with larger businesses for sale.

#### Maintenance Charge

A charge made towards the upkeep of a leasehold property.

#### Markup

The gross or total profit on a particular commodity or service. It is also represented as a percentage over a cost price.

#### Memorandum

A document that outlines the description of the business, including its history, products, services, mission statement, competitive analysis and financial statements. It can also be used as a document to outline a plan for a future business.

#### Missives Concluded

Scotland only. The solicitors must agree on the written negotiations of the sale - the 'missives'. This can only be done once a mortgage offer is received. When the missives are agreed, this is known as 'conclusion of missives'. Both parties are now legally bound to the sale/purchase.

#### Mortgage

A loan that is secured against your property.

#### **Mortgage Deed**

A legal document relating to the mortgage lenders interest in the property.

#### Mortgagee

The lender of a mortgage.

#### Mortgagor

The house buyer who takes out a mortgage (the borrower).

#### **Mortgage Offer**

A formal written offer made by a bank or building society to lend an approved amount to purchase a property.

#### **Mortgage Term**

This refers to the agreed period of time for your mortgage to be repaid.

#### **Multi-Agency**

The selection of two or more estate agents to act on the seller's behalf, usually incurring a higher fee than if the sale is completed by a sole agency.





#### **Negative Equity**

When the value of a property is less than the outstanding sum owed on a mortgage.

**Net Income** 

For any given period, the remainder of total revenue once the total expenses have been subtracted.

**Net Profit** 

Gross profit minus operating expenses.



#### **Obsolescence**

The loss of value of a fixed asset owing to it being replaced by an improved asset.

Offer

A bid made by a prospective buyer, this offer however is not legally binding.

**Offers Over** 

Offers are invited above the price shown.

**Ombudsman** 

Independent professional bodies who investigate complaints on behalf of customers against estate agents, solicitors and insurance companies.

**Overhead** 

The general expenses of a business as distinct from the direct cost of manufacturing a product or offering a service.



### Part-possession

The term used when a property is being sold, where a tenant has legal right of occupation.

**Private Treaty** 

The way in which most house sales are completed in England and Wales.

**Property** 

Land and buildings owned by an individual or entity.

**Property Chain** 

A number of linked property sales where exchange of contracts must take place simultaneously.





# Release of Mortgage

Legal document issued by a lender, confirming that a mortgage has been fully paid off and the borrower no longer owes any debt on the property.

# Repayment Mortgage

A type of loan where the borrower pays off both the capital and interest over a set period. Monthly payments reduce the loan balance, and by the end of the term, the loan is fully repaid, granting full ownership of the property.

# Representations and Warranties

Legal statements made by one party to another in a contract, typically during business transactions, to confirm certain facts and conditions.

#### Repossession

The legal process where a lender, typically a bank or financial institution, takes back ownership of a property from the borrower due to missed mortgage payments or loan defaults.

#### **Residual Value**

The estimated value of a fixed asset at the end of its lease term or useful life.

#### Revenue

A business's gross income.

#### Retention

Holding back part of a mortgage loan until repairs to the property are satisfactorily completed.



#### Sale Agreed

A verbal agreement from the seller.

#### Satisfaction of Mortgage

This document is issued by the lender of the mortgage once the mortgage has been paid in full. This is also known as the 'release of mortgage'.

# SAV - Stock at valuation

This is the value of any stock a business has at the time of valuation.

#### **Searches**

Checks of local council records for planning applications and restrictions, etc.

#### **Seller Financing**

A real estate agreement in which the seller handles the mortgage process instead of a financial institution.



#### **SIC Codes**

This stands for Standard Industrial Classifications categorising and indexing business types and sectors.

#### **Sole Agency**

The seller chooses a single estate agent to act on their behalf, incurring a lower fee than multi-agency.

#### **Solicitor**

Legal expert handling all documentation for the sale and purchase of a property.

#### Solvency

A business's ability to meet its long-term financial obligations.

#### **Stamp Duty**

A tax paid to the Government by the buyer upon completion.

## Subject to Contract

Words used to indicate that an agreement is not yet legally Binding.

# **Subsidiary Operations**

Business operations that are separately accounted for in financial statements.

#### Survey

An inspection made by a qualified surveyor. There are three main types of survey. Valuation report (for mortgage purposes), Homebuyers report (also comments on general condition) and Full Structural survey (examines structural detail).



#### **Taxable Income**

Gross income minus exemptions and personal deductions.

#### **Tenants**

People living in a property owned by someone else.

#### **Tender**

The process whereby the seller asks for written offers on a property usually with a set closing date. When a property is sold by tender, the buyer pays the fees.

#### **Title**

The legal ownership of a property.

#### **Title Deeds**

The legal document which outlines the ownership of property and land.

#### **Transfer Deeds**

The Land Registry document that transfers legal ownership from seller to buyer.

#### **Turnover**

A measure of how fast homes are bought and sold, and it's reported as a percentage.





#### **Under Offer**

When a buyer has presented an offer which the seller is still considering.



# Variable Interest Rate

Rate of interest payment that fluctuates over time in line with general interest rates.

#### **Vendor**

The legal name sometimes used to describe the seller of the property.

#### **Verbal Offer**

Offer from prospective purchaser, not legally binding on either party.



### **Inglês Corporativo**

Explore estes recursos para expandir seu vocabulário corporativo:



Rotina de trabalho em inglês



Inglês corporativo técnico: vocabulário útil para sua profissão

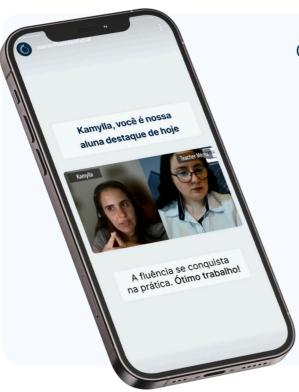


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### **Compartilhe**

### Ajude a democratizar o ensino do inglês no Brasil

Caro leitor,

Você chegou ao final de mais uma etapa importante em sua jornada de aprendizado de inglês.

Mas lembre-se, o conhecimento é ainda mais poderoso quando compartilhado.

Nossa missão vai além do ensino; é também sobre criar uma comunidade onde o inglês é acessível a todos, independentemente de onde estão ou de suas condições financeiras.

Ao compartilhar este material, você se torna parte fundamental dessa missão.

Como você pode ajudar?



### Baixe este material

Faça o download deste material através do link fornecido para obter uma cópia e explorar seu conteúdo.



### Compartilhe com alguém

Pode ser alguém próximo a você - amigo, colega, familiar ou alguém em sua rede social - que se beneficiaria deste aprendizado.



### Espalhe a palavra

Converse sobre como este material ajudou você e encoraje outros a se juntarem a nós nesta jornada de aprendizado.

Cada pessoa que você ajuda a aprender inglês é uma semente plantada para um futuro onde barreiras linguísticas são diminuídas e oportunidades são ampliadas.

Juntos, podemos fazer uma grande diferença.

Vamos juntos nessa missão?



### Vânia Paula de Freitas

Aula individual | Conversação | Inglês Corporativo Descomplicado